

Getting SNORT working in NetBSD 5.1.x and VirtualBox 5.x.x/4.x.x

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The document below uses the following color codes for items/steps the user should be aware of during the configuration and installation of DAQ-2.0.x and Snort-2.9.8.x:

Blue - informational messages and comments

Orange – These are commands that the user types at the shell prompt

Red – **Read carefully before proceeding.**

This document describes the configuration, compiling, and installation of DAQ-2.0.x and SNORT 2.9.8.x using the Hardware and Operating System(s) listed below.

Microsoft Windows 7 Professional Edition w/SP1 as the HOST operating system
VirtualBox 5.x.x with Oracle Extension Pack 5.x.x (I use version 5.x.1x)
NetBSD 5.1.x (64-bit version) as the GUEST operating system (which runs SNORT)
SNORT 2.9.8.x, DAQ 2.0.x, and a set of snort rules www.snort.org

The hardware in the HOST system listed above is a Turion TL-58 processor (AMD) @ 2.0Ghz, 4GB of 667Mhz SO-DIMM RAM, and a onboard Marvel Yukon PCIe Gigabit Ethernet Controller.

***** NOTE *****

Before replacing a **WORKING** production copy of Snort with a new version of Snort and updated Snort rules, it is **STRONGLY** recommended that users set up a test environment to install the latest versions of DAQ and Snort (along with updated Snort rule snapshots) and to fully test any potential modifications in this environment.

I prefer to use a **Virtual Machine** inside of VirtualBox 4.x.x/5.x.x when installing and/or upgrading Snort, so if something goes wrong, I can simply remove the virtual machine and reload the operating environment from scratch, without damaging any production systems that may be running Snort or other critical services.

***** NOTE *****

In the **NetBSD 5.1.x Virtual Machine**, you will need to set the **NETWORK** section to **BRIDGED** mode to allow the assignment of a static IP to your NetBSD 5.1.x VM (if you are using a standalone system running NetBSD 5.1.x you can ignore this step).

Configure your **Static IP**, **Network Mask**, **DNS**, and **Gateway** in file `/etc/rc.conf` or `/etc/defaults/rc.conf` or if you're doing a install of NetBSD 5.1 will ask you for this information (in my case, I used **ethernet 0 (wm0)** as the port to monitor traffic on) and stop/start or restart the **wm0 interface** on NetBSD 5.1.x.

After completing the step above, ensure your network connectivity is working (try ping www.cisco.com, you should get a response), also try surfing a few web pages from NetBSD 5.1.x, but www.snort.org would be a good site to visit (shameless plug here).

Make sure the following packages are installed in your NetBSD 5.1.x system before attempting to configure/compile DAQ 2.0.x and SNORT 2.9.8.x:

gcc version 4.1.x (including libraries)
zlib version 1.2.3
m4 version 1.14
pcre version 8.31
libpcap version 1.0.0 (or greater)
libiconv version 1.14 (needed by **bison** version 2.5.x)
gettext-m4 version 0.18.1 (needed by **bison** version 2.5.x)
bison version 2.5.x
flex 2.5.4
libdnet version 1.12 including **libdnet-devel**
tcpdump version 4.0.0

Versions of these packages already installed may be newer than what is listed here, but should NOT cause any issues when compiling **DAQ** and/or **SNORT**.

I downloaded the following packages from www.netbsd.org using a HTTP mirror located on the website and going to the **Packages directory** for the specific type of install I did (in this case, **NetBSD 5.1.x** and **amd64**):

[m4-1.4.16nb3.tgz](#)
[libiconv-1.14nb2.tgz](#)
[gettext-m4-0.18.1.1nb1.tgz](#)
[libdnet-1.12nb1.tgz](#)
[libpcap-1.1.1nb1.tgz](#)
[pcre-8.31.tgz](#)
[bison-2.5.1.tgz](#)

All of the **commands that follow** should be issued as the **'root'** user:

To install the above packages (which should be done in descending order), type the following commands (if successful, you'll see an **'OK'** message printed) and there will also be a file called **'config.log'** showing the results of the installs below:

```
pkg_add -v <path to>m4-1.4.16nb3.tgz <enter>
pkg_add -v <path to>libiconv-1.14nb2.tgz <enter>
pkg_add -v <path to>gettext-m4-0.18.1.1nb1.tgz <enter>
pkg_add -v <path to>libdnet-1.12nb1.tgz <enter>
pkg_add -v <path to>libpcap-2.0.0nb1.tgz <enter>
pkg_add -v <path to>pcre-8.31.tgz <enter>
pkg_add -v <path to>bison-2.5.1.tgz <enter>
```

When upgrading to the newest version of snort, it is **strongly recommended to back up local.rules, snort.conf, threshold.conf, white_list.rules, and black_list.rules** before the any snort upgrade is installed.

Also, the **'src'** directory under **'/usr/local'** does NOT exist after a NetBSD 5.1.x install is completed, to make this directory, type the following command (as the **root** user):

```
cd /usr/local <enter>
mkdir -p src <enter>
```

Obtain **SNORT** (version 2.9.8.x), **DAQ** (version 2.0.x), and the latest available snort rule set from www.snort.org and download them to your NetBSD 5.1.x box.

Note: The steps in this document should apply to compiling **DAQ 2.0.x** and **SNORT 2.9.7.x** without any changes in actual configuration or makefiles (except the paths to the actual source files, etc).

The steps below will require **'root'** access and **terminal/console access** in order to successfully complete the compilation, installation, and running of SNORT on your NetBSD 5.1.x box.

First, unpack the source code for DAQ 2.0.x and Snort 2.9.8.x:

```
cd /usr/local/src <enter>
tar -zxvf <path to>daq-2.0.x.tar.gz <enter>
tar -zxvf <path to>snort-2.9.8.x.tar.gz <enter>
```

Do the following to configure and compile DAQ 2.0.x:

```
cd /usr/local/src/daq-2.0.x <enter>
./configure --with-libpcap-includes=/usr/pkg/include --with-libpcap-libraries=/usr/pkg/lib
LDFLAGS=-Wl,-R/usr/pkg/lib <enter>
```

Note any errors which may cause the 'configure' step to abort, also, you can check the file 'config.log' which is generated from the 'configure' line above.

```
make <enter>
make install <enter>
```

Do the following to configure and compile Snort 2.9.8.x:

```
cd /usr/local/src/snort-2.9.8.x <enter>
./configure --disable-static-daq --enable-sourcefire --with-daq-includes=/usr/local/include
--with-daq-libraries=/usr/local/lib --disable-so_with_static_lib <enter>
```

Note: Joel Esler at sourcefire.com recommends using the **--enable-sourcefire** option and Steven Sturges supplied me with the **--disable-so_with_static_lib** option in order to get the dynamic preprocessors **shared object (.so)** files to build properly under NetBSD 5.1.x

Note any errors which may cause the 'configure' step to abort, also, you can check the file 'config.log' which is generated from the 'configure' line above.

```
make <enter>
make install <enter>
```

Per the INSTALL document in the snort-2.9.8.x source code tree (under the **doc** directory), if NetBSD 5.1.x **does not create** the necessary **symbolic links** (symlinks) for **libs_f_engine.so** (which is a **shared object library**), type the following commands below to create the symlinks on your system:

```
cd /usr/local/lib/snort_dynamicengine <enter>
ln -s libs_f_engine.so.0.0 libs_f_engine.so <enter>
```

In order to download snort rules from www.snort.org, you must be a **registered user** or have a **paid subscription** to download rule sets or VRT rules. Information can be found at www.snort.org on how to become a **registered user**. **Registered users** will be able to download rule sets which are **approximately one month behind** what is available to paid subscription holders.

Issue the commands below:

```
cd /etc <enter>
mkdir -p snort <enter>
cd snort <enter>
cp /usr/local/src/snort-2.9.8.x/etc/* . <enter>
tar -zxvf <path to>snortrules-snapshot-<nnnn>.tar.gz <enter>
touch /etc/snort/rules/white_list.rules /etc/snort/rules/black_list.rules <enter>
```

Note - this will place the configuration files from the snort 2.9.8.x unpack and the rules snapshot under the `/etc/snort` directory. If the rules snapshot file is newer, this is not an issue (since rules are updated on a periodic basis by the snort team).

Also, the configuration files (e.g, - `snort.conf`, `threshold.conf`, etc) are residing in `/etc/snort` and the rules files will be in `/etc/snort/rules` and for the `so_ and preprocessor rules`, these will be located in `/etc/snort`.

Issue the `'useradd'` command below or add the following line (using your favorite editor) to the file `/etc/passwd`:

```
useradd -v -s/sbin/nologin -d/var/log/snort -cSNORT_IDS -u40000 -gsnort snort <enter>
```

If you `'cat /etc/passwd'`, the user `'snort'` should look like this:

```
snort:*:40000:40000:SNORT_IDS:/var/log/snort:/sbin/nologin
```

Issue the ‘[groupadd](#)’ command below or add the following line (using your favorite editor) to the file [/etc/group](#):

```
groupadd -g 40000 snort <enter>
```

or

```
snort*:40000:snort (if you’re editing /etc/group manually)
```

Also, even though the user ‘[snort](#)’ cannot log in, it should be a member of the ‘[wheel](#)’ group (which is usually the first entry in [/etc/group](#)).

Issue the commands below in order to [take ownership](#) of all files in [/etc/snort](#):

```
cd /etc/snort <enter>  
chown -R snort:snort * <enter>
```

Locate and modify the following variables in your [snort.conf](#) file (in directory [/etc/snort](#)) as follows (found between lines 40 and 120 in [snort.conf](#)):

This assumes the network you are going to monitor is 192.168.1.0/24

```
var RULE_PATH /etc/snort/rules  
ipvar HOME_NET 192.168.1.0/24  
ipvar EXTERNAL_NET !$HOME_NET  
var SO_RULE_PATH /etc/snort/so_rules  
var PREPROC_RULE_PATH /etc/snort/preproc_rules  
var WHITE_LIST_PATH /etc/snort/rules  
var BLACK_LIST_PATH /etc/snort/rules
```

Also, at www.snort.org/docs there are a set of initialization scripts which are available for various operating systems, including [NetBSD 5.1.x](#). These scripts are available due to the fact that some users have reported problems copying and pasting the script below when it is in the form of a PDF document.

The shell script below now works in NetBSD 5.1.x, in reviewing the startup script, I had forgotten to define the [script variable DAQDIR](#) so that it points at [/usr/local/lib/daq](#).

Place the shell script below into the [/etc/rc.d](#) directory on your NetBSD 5.1.x box:

```
----- CUT HERE -----
#!/bin/sh
#
#   Snort Startup Script modified for NetBSD 5.1.x
#
#   Original Script from Spanish Honeywell Project (2004)
#   Script modified to add status parameter to 'usage'
#

# Script variables (modify to match your system layout)

LAN_INTERFACE=wm0
RETURN_VAL=0
BINARY=/usr/local/bin/snort
PATH=/bin:/usr/local/bin
DAQDIR=/usr/local/lib/daq
PID=/var/run/snort_${LAN_INTERFACE}_ids.pid
LOGDIR="/var/log/snort"
DATE=`/bin/date +%Y%m%d`
CONFIG_FILE=/etc/snort/snort.conf
PROG=snort
USER=snort
GROUP=snort

if [ ! -x "$BINARY" ]; then
    /bin/echo "ERROR: $BINARY not found."
    exit 1
fi

if [ ! -r "$CONFIG_FILE" ]; then
    /bin/echo "ERROR: $CONFIG_FILE not found."
    exit 1
fi

start()
{
    # Check if log directory is present. Otherwise, create it.
    if [ ! -d $LOGDIR/$DATE ]; then
        mkdir $LOGDIR/$DATE
        /usr/sbin/chown -R $USER:$GROUP $LOGDIR/$DATE
    fi
}
```

```

/bin/chmod -R 700 $LOGDIR/$DATE
fi

/bin/echo "Starting $PROG: "
# Snort parameters
# -D Run Snort in background (daemon) mode
# -i <if> Listen on interface <if> (i.e. – wm0, wm1, etc)
# -u <uname> Run snort uid as <uname> user (or uid)
# -g <gname> Run snort uid as <gname> group (or gid)
# -c Load configuration file
# --daq-dir=<directory where daq libraries are>
# -N Turn off logging (alerts still work) (removed to enable logging :)
# -l Log to directory
# -t Chroots process to directory after initialization
# -R <id> Include 'id' in snort_intf<id>.pid file name

$BINARY -D -i $LAN_INTERFACE --daq-dir=$DAQDIR -u $USER -g $GROUP -c
$CONFIG_FILE -l $LOGDIR/$DATE -t $LOGDIR/$DATE -R _ids
/bin/echo "$PROG startup complete."
return $RETURN_VAL
}

stop()
{
if [ -s $PID ]; then
/bin/echo "Stopping $PROG with PID `cat $PID`: "
kill -TERM `cat $PID` 2>/dev/null
RETURN_VAL=$?
/bin/echo "$PROG shutdown complete."
/usr/sbin/chown $PID
rm -f $PID
else
/bin/echo "ERROR: PID in $PID file not found."
RETURN_VAL=1
fi
return $RETURN_VAL
}

status() {
if [ -s $PID ]; then
/bin/echo "$PROG is running as pid `cat $PID`:"
else
/bin/echo "$PROG is not running."
fi
}

```

```
restart()
{
    stop
    start
    RETURN_VAL=$?
    return $RETURN_VAL
}
```

```
case "$1" in
start)
    start
    ;;
stop)
    stop
    ;;
status)
    status
    ;;
restart|reload)
    restart
    ;;
*)
    /bin/echo "Usage: $0 {start|stop|status|restart|reload}"
    RETURN_VAL=1
esac
```

```
exit $RETURN_VAL
----- CUT HERE -----
```

The above script should have permissions of 700 and be owned by user/group: snort

Note - On the above script, I made a [symlink](#) in [/usr/sbin](#) to point to where the actual snort binary was compiled on my system (you could also copy the snort binary to [/usr/sbin](#) as well).

To make the symbolic link (symlink) above, issue the commands below:

```
cd /usr/sbin <enter>
ln -s /usr/local/bin/snort snort <enter>
chmod 700 snort <enter>
```

If the directory '[/var/log/snort](#)' does not exist on your system, issue the following commands as '[root](#)' (permissions should be 700):

```
cd /var/log <enter>
mkdir snort <enter>
chmod 700 snort <enter>
```

Then issue the commands below to change the user and owner of [/var/log/snort](#) to '[snort](#)':

```
chown -R snort:snort snort <enter>
cd /usr/local/lib <enter>
mkdir snort_dynamicrules <enter>
chown -R snort:snort snort_* <enter>
chown -R snort:snort pkgconfig <enter>
chmod -R 700 snort* <enter>
chmod -R 700 pkgconfig <enter>
cd /usr/local/bin <enter>
chown -R snort:snort daq-modules-config <enter>
chown -R snort:snort u2* <enter>
chmod -R 700 daq-modules-config <enter>
chmod 700 u2* <enter>
cd /etc <enter>
chown -R snort:snort snort <enter>
chmod -R 700 snort <enter>
```

At this point, you should be ready to do some testing of snort to see if it actually starts up and reads in the rules (you can check [/var/log/messages](#) to catch any fatal errors or crashes).

If you want to test snort startup, issue the following commands:

```
cd /usr/local/bin <enter>
./snort -T -i wm0 -u snort -g snort --daq-dir=/usr/local/lib/daq -c /etc/snort/snort.conf
<enter>
```

The above command will cause SNORT to start up in self-test mode, checking all the supplied command line switches and rules files that are passed to it and indicating that everything is ready to proceed. If all the tests are passed, you should see the following:

Snort successfully validated the configuration!
Snort exiting

If no errors are returned, proceed with the steps below (otherwise check [/var/log/messages](#) for more information):

To manually start snort, issue the following commands:

```
cd /usr/local/bin <enter> (if you are already in this directory, skip this command)
./snort -D -i wm0 -A fast -b -d -u snort -g snort --daq-dir=/usr/local/lib/daq -c
/etc/snort/snort.conf -l /var/log/snort <enter>
```

Make sure that snort initializes properly before proceeding below, you can check [/var/log/messages](#) for more information in the event of an error in initialization.

To see if snort is actually running on your system, issue the following command:

```
ps aux | grep -i "snort" <enter>
```

If snort is working, it should return something that looks like the output below:

```
snort 25336 0.0 0.8 432544 8312 ? Ssl 6:54AM 0:00.09 ./snort -D -i wm0 -A fast -
b -d -u snort -g snort --daq-dir=/usr/local/lib/daq -c /etc/snort/snort.conf -l /var/log/snort
```

Tips to improve the security of SNORT while running on NetBSD:

NetBSD 5.1 is by definition is a very secure operating system and after an initial install has fewer than 25 processes running after the system is fully booted.

Here are some suggestions to lessen the impact that a vulnerability discovered in SNORT would give potential unauthorized access to a privileged account:

1. When running SNORT in **daemon (-D) mode**, the **'-u' (user)** and **'-g' (group)** switches should be used. This will allow SNORT to run as a given user and group after it is initialized. Typically, most system administrators prefer to add the 'snort' user and group to their systems, and that the 'snort' user should be unable to login or initiate shell privileges. Here is an example of a 'snort' user on a NetBSD system:

```
snort:*:40000:40000:Snort IDS:/var/log/snort:/sbin/nologin
```

In the above example, the line is broken down as follows:

Columns 1-5 (the username, in this case 'snort')

Column 7 (the '*' indicates the password is encrypted)

Columns 9-13 (the user id (UID) 40000)

Columns 15-19 (the group id (GID) 40000, in this case the group is 'snort')

Columns 21-29 (the full name of the user, in this case 'Snort IDS')

Columns 31-44 (the default directory for this user, in this case /var/log/snort)

Columns 46-58 (the login shell or login disabled, in this case /sbin/nologin)

The /sbin/nologin at the end of the line indicates that logins are disabled for the 'snort' user on this system.

2. The source code for SNORT/DAQ, binaries, logging directories, shared/static libraries, and configuration files should all be owned by the 'snort' user and group with appropriate permissions (mode 700 is preferred).

3. All binaries which are produced by the compiling and installation process of SNORT and DAQ should be verified using a hash function (i.e. - MD5, SHA-1, etc) and the output stored on removable media. A cron job could be used to run this process on a regular basis with results emailed to a system administrator. Another alternative would be the use of a utility called 'tripwire' for auditing installed software on a given computer.

I have separated the information for [mirroring and/or copying packets from a home router to a snort sensor](#) to a separate document located at the following URL:

www.snort.org/docs

Under the section marked 'Deployment Guides' and the link is marked:

[How to make some home routers mirror traffic to Snort](#)

Finally, if you have snort working in [test mode \(-T option\)](#), try starting snort with [/etc/rc.d/snort start](#) (you should get a running message if all is well). If there is a problem, check the output in [/var/log/messages](#) for additional details as to why snort failed to start.

Also, you can check the status of snort by issuing the command below (while still in [/etc/rc.d](#)):

```
./snort status <enter>
```

If it's working, you should see the output below:

Checking for service snort **running**

Next, change directory to [/var/log/snort](#) and issue the command `'ls -al'` if everything is working properly, you should see two (or more) files, one marked `'alert'` and `'snort.*'` files (which are binary captures which can be read with [tcpdump](#) or [wireshark](#)). If you use `'tail -f alert'` in your terminal/console window, you should see alerts coming into your snort IDS (as they occur).

If you have any questions, comments, or suggestions, please email me at:

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